

W.I.S.H.F.U.L. thinking:

Dental Advance Care Planning Tool



Your Mouth-Your Choice!

Talk to your friends, family, substitute decision-maker or dentist about your dental advance care plan.

It's just a "small bite"!

This workbook belongs to:
My contact information: I am using this workbook to express my values, wishes and beliefs about dental advance care planning.

This is a workbook to help you start thinking about your values and wishes for future dental care. There may be a time where you are no longer able to express your wishes. This workbook can help you do some planning, and get you to start having conversations with those who you want to be involved in your future dental care. This is YOUR workbook. Use it however makes sense it you. But make sure to share it with those who you want to have this information. Happy planning!

W. worried

When I think about my teeth and oral health in the future, what are the things that worry me? What anxieties and fears do I have? (Check all that apply)

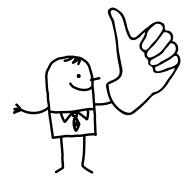
Painful mouth
My dentist will not understand
what I'm trying to tell them
I won't be able to hear, understand or read the information the dentist gives me
about my dental and oral health
Not being able to pay for
dental care
Loss of insurance as I age / retire
I won't have anyone to drive / take me to the dentist

I. ideal

What would be ideal for me in terms of my teeth and oral health in the future? What do I really want? What is important for me in terms of quality of life? (Check all that apply)

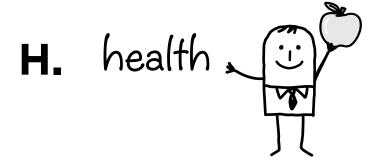
A mouth free of cavities or decay A full set of my own natural teeth I don't have all my teeth, but I	Having my teeth and mouth cleaned 3 times a day Orthodontics / braces		
want to keep the ones I have I don't have teeth, or am indifferent about keeping them – but I really want a clean and well-fitting set of dentures Stopping my grinding / Temporomandibular joint and muscle (TMJ) disorder Eating hot and cold foods with ease	 Having someone agree to take me to the dentist regularly To keep going to the same dentist Having a dentist whose office I can get to easily Eating the types and textures of food that I love 		
To change dentists to someone else because:			
Having a dentist who specializes in:			
Other things I would really like to have:			

S. strengths



What do I "bring to the table" right now? What is working well for me in terms of my teeth and oral health this year? (Check all that apply)

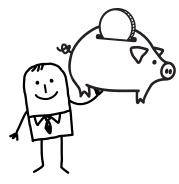
I am able to easily brush and floss my teeth well by myself	I am covered by insurance for dental care		
I have someone who can brush my teeth and floss for me easily and well.	I have enough money put aside for dental care and feel okay about affording my dental fees		
I am able to put in my own	My teeth look very good		
dentures easily I have someone who puts in my dentures for me easily and well	My teeth or dentures chew food easily		
I am pleased with my teeth and	I barely have to give my teeth and mouth a thought!		
appearance	I can eat hot or cold foods with		
I find flossing easy	ease and enjoyment		
I am easily able to get to the dentist as often as I need to			
Other strengths that I have in terms of my teeth and oral health:			



Dental health is part of your overall wellness. How is your health right now? (Check all that apply)

I take homeopathic, naturopathic or traditional Chinese medicine
treatments
I have been in a car accident before
I have had pneumonia I have trouble breathing
sometimes
I have had seizures
I have had problems with my
organs or bowels
I am / used to be, a smoker
I drink alcohol (daily / weekly
/ too much) or take non- prescription drugs
I have / had radiation therapy
nd)

F. financial



Dental care can be costly. Unlike other forms of health care, much of it is not covered by government programs. This section will help you think through some of the financial questions surrounding dental care. If you can find out if you have dental insurance coverage, and what the plan number is, please write it in below – or staple a copy of the insurance plan to this workbook. Check all that apply:

I take care of my own finances	My dental insurance will continue after I retire
I have dental insurance coverage now which covers 100% or most of my dental costs:	I understand what my insurance provides
I have no dental insurance coverage	I have put money aside for future dental care
I am not sure if I have dental insurance	I would like to start putting money aside for future
I have dental insurance but it only covers a portion of my costs. I have to pay the remainder.	dental care I receive disability benefits I am worried I won't be able to
I have dental insurance right now, but I don't know if I will have it in the future	afford dental care now or in the future
I am a Canadian Veteran and as such have coverage for dental	I want to know about low-income or free dental clinics
care. See link for more info: www.veterans.gc.ca/eng/services/ health/treatment-benefits/poc#poc4	I receive the Canadian Pension Plan / Old Age Security
My dental insurance will stop if/ when I retire	

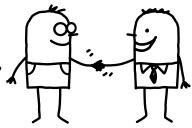


How my dental care is paid

	My dental insurance information:	
	Insurance company:	Policy number:
	Certificate number:	
	I am covered under someone else's insurance pla	an
	Name of Subscriber:	
	Contact Information:	
	Insurance company:	Policy number:
	Certificate number:	
	Insurance policies have different limits for how me what percentage of the bill they will cover. It is helow/here about those dollar limits for coverage Insurance coverage:	elpful to make a quick note e amounts.
	Other:	
	Someone else pays my bills from my account. Name: Contact information:	
	My bills are paid by a third party. Name:	
	Contact information:	
Oth	ner financial concerns regarding dental care:	



U. understand & appreciate 1



As a capable adult, I get to make my own health and personal care decisions. But there might come a time when I cannot express my wishes due to capacity issues (like dementia) or because of a physical or mental impairment.

Dentists need to get informed consent to treat a patient. Because I'm a capable adult, I can make my own decisions. The dentist will always talk to me first.

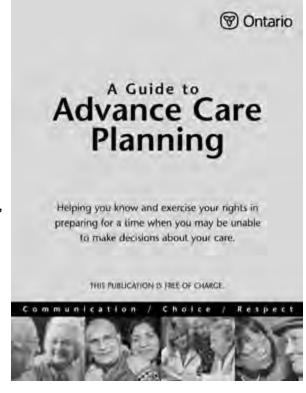
However, some people like to involve family members, friends or caregivers to help them make decisions. A dentist will need to get a patient's consent to include support people in discussions about a client's dental care.

If I am unable to give consent to make a decision about dental care, even with support, my dentist will need to get informed consent from my correct substitute decision-maker. (See the section on L - Law below for more information on this).

While it is always assumed I am capable of making my own choices, I need to be able to "understand and appreciate" the information and the impact of the decisions being asked of me. I can be capable of making some decisions but not others.

For more information on Advance Care Planning, Substitute Decision-making and Capacity issues in Ontario see:

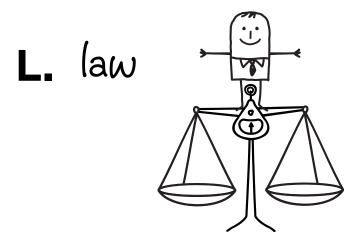
"A Guide to Advance Care Planning": www.seniors.gov.on.ca/en/advancedcare/docs/AdvancedCare.Guide.pdf





This section will help you start to think about decision-making surrounding dental care decisions. (Check all that apply)

I make my dental care decisions by myself			
Someone else has been making my dental care decisions for me.			
Name:			
Contact information:			
Relationship:			
I do not want my dentist to consult anyone except me about my dental care decisions as long as I am capable of making them myself			
I like to consult others – like family members, friends or caregivers- about my dental care decisions			
I want my dentist to contact when I need to make a dental care decision. I want their advice and support in making the decision. Notes:			
Notes.			



If I can understand the information which my dentist gives to me about my dental care, and I can appreciate what it means to me (U: Understand and Appreciate), then I can make my own dental decisions.

I may want my dentist to call a support person, which I have listed above. I can give consent to my dentist to have them contact one of my support people to help me make a decision. But if I become incapable of making my own dental care decisions, then Ontario has specific laws about who my dentist can get informed consent from. Dental care may require decisions about both health and personal care, as well as about financial decisions, it is likely that at some point my dentist will need to get consent from both types of appointed attorneys if I am incapable of giving consent myself.

I can appoint the same person(s) for Health and Personal Care decisions and for Property decisions. However, there might be good reason why I choose different people. My dentist will get consent from one or both types of attorney, depending on the type of decision.

I can find information about the Ontario substitute decision-making system below, or from the Ministry of the Attorney General at:

http://www.attorneygeneral.jus.gov.on.ca/english/family/pgt/poa.pdf

I can also find more information about substitute decision-making in my copy of the Government of Ontario's "A Guide to Advance Care Planning" at:

http://www.seniors.gov.on.ca/en/advancedcare/docs/AdvancedCare.Guide.pdf



Check	all that apply:
	I have made a Continuing Power of Attorney for Personal Care.
	I understand that dental care is part of health care and if I cannot make my
	own decisions due to incapacity, then my attorney can make the dental
	care decision for me.
	My attorney(s) is/are:
	Name:
(Contact information:
	Second Name (if more than one, or a backup choice appointed):
(Contact information:
	I have made a Continuing Power of Attorney for Property. I understand
	that because dental care usually requires payment that I may need
	someone to make financial decisions for me and pay dental bills.
	My attorney(s) for property is/are:
	Name:
(Contact information:
	Second Name (if more than one, or a backup choice appointed):
	Contact information:

If I have not designated a substitute decision- maker through a **Power of Attorney for Personal Care,** my dentist must turn to the hierarchy of substitutes named in the law for the dental health decisions.

I have not made a Continuing Power of Attorney for Personal Care

I have not made a **Continuing Power of Attorney for Property**

I do not know if I have a **Continuing Power of Attorney** or not.

If not me, then who?



Legal terms can be confusing. The legal system of substitute decision-making can have difficult terms or concepts. This section shows the way that your dentist will know who to get consent from if you become incapable of making these decisions. This is the order in which your dentist will go down the list to find the legal decision-maker for you if you become incapable of making dental decisions

1. Guardian

What is a Guardian? (Of the Person. Of Property. Of Both)

An Ontario court could appoint a person to be a legal substitute decision-maker for health and personal care, for financial issues, or for both. This is rare and can be expensive. It would only happen after you were incapable. This is not something you can choose or plan for in advance.

A. Guardian of the Person

A Court may appoint a **guardian of the person** to make decisions on behalf of an incapable person in some or all areas of personal care, usually because there is no power of attorney for personal care. The guardian must be at least 16 years old.

B. Guardian of Property

A **guardian of property** is someone who is appointed by the Public Guardian and Trustee or the court to look after an incapable person's property. Both the guardian and the incapable person must be at least 18 years old. A guardian is different from an attorney; an attorney is chosen by the individual, before becoming incapable, to act on their behalf, while a guardian is appointed after incapacity. A guardian can be a statutory guardian or a guardian appointed by the court.



2. Power of Attorney - (Of Personal Care. Of Property. Of Both)

Many people believe their families will be able to step in if something happens and they cannot make decisions for themselves. This isn't always true. Also - you may want to make clear exactly who you prefer to make decisions for you. Pick the best person for the job. That may not always be a family member.

For personal care and health decisions such as where you live, what you eat or what medical care you will receive if you get sick or injured, you can name someone in a **Continuing Power of Attorney for Personal Care**.

You can name someone to make financial decisions for you, such as paying your bills, with a **Continuing Power of Attorney for Property**.

TIP: No one can make you sign a power of attorney if you don't want to. But, if you don't choose one, the government may have to appoint someone to make certain decisions for you. It's better if you choose someone you feel you can really trust, who knows your wishes.

A. What is a Power of Attorney for Personal Care?

A **Power of Attorney for Personal Care** is a document through which you appoint your substitute decision-maker and give them the power to make decisions about all aspects of your personal care, unless you specify otherwise. This includes your health care, shelter, clothing, nutrition, hygiene, and personal safety.

A **Power of Attorney for Personal Care** is only used if you become incapable of making a particular decision. You continue to make your own decisions unless you are found to be incapable of making a certain decision.

B. Continuing Power of Attorney for Property

A **Continuing Power of Attorney for Property** is a legal document in which a person gives someone else the legal authority to make decisions about their finances. The person who is named as the attorney does not have to be a lawyer. **The power of attorney** is called "continuing" because it can be used after the person who gave it is no longer mentally capable to make the financial decisions themselves. Some people use the word "enduring" or "durable" which means the same as "continuing".

3. Default Substitution Makers for Health and Personal Care

	Name:
	Contact information:
Му	child (if they are 16 years of age or older) or Parent
	Name(s):
	Contact information:
	earent with right of access only Custodial parents rank ahead of n-custodial parents
	Name(s):
	Contact information:
Му	brother or sister
	Name(s):
	Contact information:
Any	other relative by blood, marriage or adoption
	Name(s):
	Contact information:

Resources

Advocacy Centre for the Elderly	416.598.2656	www.acelaw.ca
The National Initiative for the Care of the Elderly (NICE)	416.978.0545	www.nicenet.ca
The Ontario Network for the Prevention of Elder Abuse	416.916.6728	www.onpea.org
Seniors.gc.ca	1.800.622.6232	www.seniors.gc.ca
The Ontario Seniors' Secretariat	1.888.910.1999	www.seniors.gov.on.ca
Advance Care Planning and Ontario Substitute Decisions Act	1.800.668.9938	www.attorneygeneral.jus.gov. on.ca/english/family/pgt/ pgtsda.pdf
Canadian Dental Association	613.523.1770	www.cda-adc.ca/en/oral_health/ cfyt/dental_care_seniors

Disclaimer:

Information in this workbook is not legal advice. If possible, it is best if you can talk to a lawyer to make formal advance planning documents like Continuing Powers of Attorney. If you are a senior, or a substitute decision-maker for a senior who is incapable of making certain legal decisions, and you cannot afford a lawyer, you may be able to get legal advice from the Advocacy Centre for the Elderly:

www.acelaw.ca or by calling: 416-598-2656

Laws sometimes change. This legal information is correct as of February 2014. Always check to make sure that your legal information is current.

Take the Bite Out of Elder Abuse



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